

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXI.

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## PLAYING THE NEGRO

*IN ORDER TO SOLIDIFY HIS VOTE IN THE CLOSE DISTRICTS.*

## SOME MORE REPUBLICAN VILAINY

Such as the Illustrous Colonel Buck Endorses—Putting White Necks Under Black Heels as a Pleasing Pastime.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—[Special.]—The committee on elections, this afternoon, decided to seat two more democrats, Colonel Venable, of Virginia, and Representative Elliott, of South Carolina, and seat in their stead two negroes, Professor John M. Langston and James Miller, respectively.

The action in both cases was induced by the desire, on the part of the republicans, to carry favor with northern negroes, who hold the balance of power, and who, within the past few years, have been drifting toward independent political action.

### FOUGHT ON THE COLOR LINE.

The Veable-Langston case is particularly significant. The decision to seat Langston is not popular with the white republican leaders in the south, who were against him, almost to a man, but it was rather due to the intervention of negroes in Ohio and other states, where Langston is known and admired. Langston is a graduate of Oberlin college, Ohio, and during the last campaign his spell-binding oratory was heard on the hustings, pleading for the re-election of Foraker. The Veable-Langston district is a republican district, and the party there is composed mainly of blacks, but there were two republican tickets in the field in the campaign of 1886. Judge Arnold was the regular nominee of the party, and was supported by both the Mahone and anti-Mahone elements, as far as that term may apply to the whites in the republican party in Virginia. Langston was the negro candidate. He fought his campaign on the race issue—the white man against the black—as no other campaign in this country has been fought.

### OPPOSED BY MAHONE.

Mahone, aided by a few negro leaders, Douglass and Carson among others, opposed him more bitterly than the democrats did. It was a political battle fought strictly on the color line. When the election was over, and Langston gave notice that he would contest Venable's seat, Mahone and his supporters, with the aid of the negroes, put up a strenuous opposition. Langston was the negro candidate, and he fought his campaign on the race issue—the white man against the black—as no other campaign in this country has been fought.

### ANOTHER CASE.

In the Elliott-Miller case, the same motive obtained. Miller is to be seated in order to furnish political capital for use among the negroes of the north. This same motive induced them to vote for the seating of General Chalmers in place of Colonel Morgan, in the Fourth Mississippi. Chalmers was a "Southern" brigadier and is generally regarded as the author of the slaughter at Fort Pillow, where hundreds of negroes were put to the sword. Ben Wade's report of that butchery is still too fresh in the minds of the negroes of the north for them to be propitiated with the seating of Langston and Miller in the one hand, and General Chalmers on the other.

### THE DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Flower of New York, introduced a bill in the house subjecting oleomargarine to the provisions of the laws of the several states. Referred.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Bush of Michigan, in the chair, on the bill and harbor bill.

Mr. Elliott, of South Carolina, moved to increase the appropriation for improving Winyah bay, South Carolina, from \$100,000 to \$150,000. Adopted.

When the paragraphs appropriating \$500,000 for the construction of the Illinois and Mississippi (Hennepin) canal was reached, Mr. Turner, of Georgia, made the motion, on behalf of his constituents, that the bill be referred to the committee on public works, and harbors, had no jurisdiction over canals. He said that on April 9th, a communication from the secretary of war, transmitting the report on the survey of the canal, was referred to the committee on rivers and harbors, and there might be a question to whether that reference gave the committee jurisdiction over the canal. He did not believe that it did. But even if the committee had acquired jurisdiction in that way it could not, properly, include a canal scheme in the river and harbor bill, had been decided in preceding congresses.

### PENDING A DECISION, THE COMMITTEE ROSE.

The speaker appointed McMillin, of Tennessee, to refer the bill to the committee on public works, and harbors, excused.

The house then, at 5 o'clock, took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

### SHOCKING NEWS FOR KEMMLER.

The United States Supreme Court Decides that He Can be Wired.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The supreme court of the United States today denied the application for a writ of error in the case of Kemmler, under sentence of death by electricity. Opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion first recites the proceedings in the lower court leading up to the bringing of the case to this court. The court says that it is urged in Kemmler's behalf that the fourteenth amendment is a prohibition on the state of the imposition of cruel and unusual punishment, this being included in the term, "due process of law." The origin of the phrase, "cruel and unusual punishment," the court said, was the English act of 1688, and meant that barbarous methods of punishment should be prohibited. It meant that a man should not be sentenced to death by torture, but did not mean that the death penalty itself was cruel.

The court of appeals, the opinion says, held that the punishment inflicted on Kemmler was unusual, but that there was no evidence to show that it was cruel. The legislature of New York had no bearing on the question, and the court must assume that the legislature had devised the punishment it thought less cruel than the former mode. That decision, the court says, was not against any special privilege set up by the prisoner and was, in reality, right that the court would not be justified in interfering with it. The fourteenth amendment did not materially change the whole theory of the government. Citizens still remain citizens of the state and of the United States.

The only change is that the amendment introduces additional guarantees against encroachment by the state upon the fundamental rights of the citizens. The privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States are indeed protected by them. Those are privileges arising out of the essential nature and character of the national government.

The court notes the opinion in the Hurtado case, that the due process of law means "the law of the land." The change in the form of death was within the legitimate sphere of the legislative power of the state. The legislature of the state of New York determined that it did not inflict cruel or unusual punishment, and it was, in reality, sustained that determination. This court cannot, in the first instance, be deprived of the due process of law. In order to reverse the judgment, this court

should be compelled to hold that the court of appeals had committed an error so gross as to deprive the prisoner of his constitutional rights. The court has no hesitancy in saying it cannot do this.

### MORE SCALPS TO BE TAKEN.

The Republicans to Oust Two More Democrats From Their Seats.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The house committee on elections, today acted upon three of the pending contested election cases, and the result will probably be an increase of the republican majority in the house by two members. The cases decided this morning were those of Langston vs. Veable, from the fourth district; Miller vs. Venable, seventh; South Carolina, district, and Chalmers vs. Morgan, second Mississippi district. In the first two cases the committee will recommend in favor of seating the republican contestants, Langston and Miller; but in the Mississippi case the report will be in favor of the sitting member, Mr. Morgan.

The House of Representatives met Representative Lacey's sub-committee on the Clayton-Breckinridge case had a short session which was devoted entirely to the discussion of the further order of proceedings. Ex-Attorney General Garland, as counsel for Mr. Breckinridge, expressed a desire to submit further testimony upon a branch of the case which had not yet been introduced by the defense. Mr. Garfield, however, remarked that the sub-committee was disposed to admit all pertinent testimony, but preferred that this be taken by deposition in Arkansas or verbally in Washington as the two sub-committees did not desire again to visit Arkansas. Mr. Garland will submit formal application to continue the case next Monday.

### MAY LEAD TO TROUBLE.

Russian Soldiers Insult Ladies of the Turkish Court.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 23.—It has been ascertained that the ladies belonging to the Russian embassy who were assaulted while walking at the Russian embassy were not the daughter of the chief dragoman of the embassy and her governess, but his wife and daughter. Neither were the offenders Turkish soldiers, as it was first stated, but were a Turkish officer and five students.

### SAILORS TO THE RESCUE.

The ladies were walking in the garden, when they were seized by the officer and students, who forcibly kissed them. A party of sailors belonging to a Russian dispatch boat, happened to be near the garden. They heard the ladies cry for help and ran to their rescue. They captured four of the assailants, but the fifth succeeded in making his escape, but the sailors conveyed them to the Russian embassy and delivered them into the keeping of M. Denodoff, the Russian ambassador. The day after the assault was committed the man who made his escape was arrested and locked up at the embassy, where he and his companions are still detained.

The Turkish authorities asked that the prisoners be turned over to them for trial and punishment, but the ambassador refused, as he was in touch with Ottoman officials, basing his refusal on the ground that Turkish justice is illogical. The affair has created much comment and it is feared that it will result in complications between the Russian and Turkish governments.

### DRAWN TO DEATH IN QUICKSAND.

The Citizens of a Whole Village Vainly Try to Save Him.

WOODSIDE, L. I., May 23.—James S. Parsons, who was a night dispatcher in the New York post-office, met a terrible death Saturday evening in this village. Parsons recently built a house at Woodside for himself and family and had a large garden, from which the water supply for the house was obtained. In order to secure a greater force of water, Parsons decided to add a section of pipe to that through which the water was drawn from the ground.

About 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon he began to dig a hole two feet in diameter around the well pipe. He had dug down about fifteen feet when he was near the end of the pipe, when he felt himself sinking, and at once shouted to his son, who was above, to throw a rope to him. He had struck quicksand, and before a rope could be thrown to him, he was down to the waist in the sand. His son quickly summoned help and in a few moments the party was drawn to the surface. The man was then hauled up by the waist, and the rope was finally thrown down to the sinking man, who placed it around his body, but all the efforts of those above to pull him out were unavailing and he gradually sank until his head only could be seen.

Dr. Wood obtained a long rubber tube, and one of them he managed to insert in Parsons's mouth, through which air was pumped to keep him alive, while a dozen men were digging around him, but after nearly five hours of suffering the unfortunate man died from exhaustion. It was 10:30 before his body was lifted out of the well. Some of the men who were digging came near sinking into the quicksand and meeting a similar fate. Parsons, who was about fifty years of age, leaves a widow and large family.

### A NORTH CAROLINA MYSTERY

Which is Agitating the People of the Neighborhood Where it Occurred.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 23.—[Special.]—At the coroner's inquest today, in the investigation of the mysterious shooting of Lemuel Bryan Saturday night, several witnesses were examined. One stated that the land owners on the Neuse river, where Bryan was killed, had the land posted and that N. G. Whitheld, one of the men who were shot, was the owner of the land. Another said that he did not intend to fish there, as it was his property and he intended to protect and manage it. Bryan that night, it was in evidence, did not intend to fish there, as it was his property and he intended to protect and manage it.

Yardharm, said he was sent yesterday by the state solicitor to the home of Robert P. Polk to present the case, which he did. Polk, and that when he arrived there he found that Whitheld, one of the owners of the land, who heard him ordered to go after the pistol, had already been there and procured the pistol, telling Mrs. Polk that he did so by direction of the sheriff. Polk, who is a drunkard, can secure some important witnesses, and it was thought some light on what is now a very mysterious crime. The investigation will be resumed next Friday. The sheriff has gone after the revolver of Isaac Williams, the man who guarded the river there.

### The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Futures opened at a pretty smart advance. Liverpool came unexpectedly strong, then came the announcement of the closing of that market from today until next Wednesday, for the Whitestone holidays, and it was seen that the market would be closed for a week. The cotton market was a probability, but it was not against any special privilege set up by the prisoner and was, in reality, right that the court would not be justified in interfering with it.

The cotton market was closed for a week, and the next crop was neglected, though showing no decided weakness. Cotton on spot was dull and prices were barely maintained.

### A PRIEST ASSASSINATED.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Rev. Dr. S. M. Barrett, of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church, was shot on his door step last night and fatally wounded. He was a sick man, who professed to be in a dying condition of heart trouble. It was supposed the dying man pulled a revolver and fired point blank at the priest. Father Barrett's slayer was speedily landed in a cell. He gives every evidence of insanity. Papers showed the prisoner's name to be Cady.

### Alabama's Assistant Bishop.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 23.—[Special.]—The Episcopal convention of the diocese of Alabama, in the afternoon, elected Rev. Dr. J. S. Lindsay, rector of St. Paul's church, Boston, as assistant bishop of Alabama.

## CARLISLE WILL LEAD

### THE DEMOCRATIC DERATE AGAINST TARIFF EXORTIONS.

### AN UNPRECEDENTED COMPLIMENT

Faid to the New Member by His Senatorial Colleagues—His Assignment to the Finance Committee Desired.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—[Special.]—Without holding any formal conference, the democratic senators have decided that Mr. Carlisle should succeed Mr. Beck on the finance committee, and the assignment committee will recommend to the vice-president that he be assigned to that committee.

### EQUIPPED FOR THE FIGHT.

Coming to the senate, equipped as he is, to deal with the tariff question, and coming over to the senate in company with the tariff bill, which he has studied to attack, the democrats recognized at once, in the defense of senatorial tradition, that the proper place for him was on the finance committee, where he can lead in the tariff fight. There has been no controversy over the question, and Mr. Carlisle will be given an opportunity to distinguish himself that no man before him has had on entering this decorous body, wedded to form and tradition.

### WILL BE SWORN IN ON MONDAY.

Mr. Carlisle wanted to be sworn in today, but his credentials have not yet arrived. He will probably take his seat on Monday.

### COSTLY CRUISERS.

Senator Dolph Does not Believe in a Large Navy.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Consideration of the naval appropriations bill was resumed by the senate. The appropriations committee made an amendment striking out the items of \$50,000 each for the repair of docks and buildings at Boston, and \$10,000 for the same at San Francisco. It agreed to these appropriations remain in the bill. Several other amendments reported by the committee on appropriations to strike out other items for the same navy-yards were likewise disagreed to. They were, however, the text of a discussion over the general policy as to the continuance or closing of most of the navy-yards in the country. This discussion was participated for the most part by Messrs. Gorman, Call, Blair, and Hiscock.

Pending discussion the silver bill was, at 2 p. m., taken up as unfinished business and laid aside informally. The tariff bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on finance. Ten thousand copies were ordered printed for the use of senators.

Mr. Stanford addressed the senate in advocacy of the bill introduced by him some days ago, providing for loans by the government on agricultural lands.

### AT THE CONCLUSION OF MR. STANFORD'S SPEECH.

The latter refused, and on the same day, while Dee was lying on the ground asleep, Ton was seen by two of the hands to get a meat axe and deliberately split Dee's head open with it. He robbed the body of \$200 and escaped, but was captured in a few days and tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

### NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The naval appropriation bill was again taken up as unfinished business and laid aside informally. The tariff bill was referred to the committee on finance.

Mr. Pugh gave notice of his intention to speak on the silver bill when it again comes up.

### NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The naval appropriation bill was again taken up as the question being on the amendment to strike out the item of \$50,000 for the improvement of the plant at the Portsmouth, N. H., navy-yard.

Discussion was renewed, going over questions of the public utility of navy-yards, of the importance of the navy, and of the policy of building up a strong navy. It was carried on by Messrs. Blair, Hiscock, Hawley and Dolph. The latter made an elaborate speech to prove that the expenditure of money on such ships as new cruisers was not wise, as the construction of a strong navy was not an incentive to war, and that the correct policy was a system of floating batteries and coast fortifications. He summed up a two hours' speech by saying that, whilst he was in favor of a navy of reasonable dimensions, he was not in favor of constructing a navy to which the public had no use.

At the conclusion of Mr. Blair's speech, the committee recommended that the bill be referred to the committee on public works, and that the bill be referred to the committee on agriculture.

### THE DISMISSAL OF THE CASE ENDS A REMARKABLE SUIT.

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### THE OVERTURE FROM THE ATLANTA PRESBYTERY.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 23.—In the Presbyterian general assembly the report of the standing committee on publications was considered seriatim. It was adopted, after striking out the clause recommending that the report of the committee be printed at the same office as the regular proceedings. Concerning an overture from Transylvania presbytery asking for a grand military display on the morning of May 30th. It will be the occasion of the return of the old flag of 1860, which was carried through the late war by the Guilford Grays company B, 27th North Carolina regiment. On May 30, 1860, the young ladies of Edenton, North Carolina, presented a flag to the general assembly, which was presented to the confederacy, and was carried through the war and under whose command a strong navy was built. The flag has, since the surrender, been sacred care for by its captain's wife, the late Colonel J. A. Sloan, and will be presented to the present company of Guilford Grays by her daughter at the anniversary of the Lee monument at Richmond on May 30th, and will be brought here on the morning of the 30th.

Fifteen companies from half a dozen states will stop here with the flag. Five companies of state troops will also take part in the display. Several regiments of confederate veterans will be present.

Mr. Butler introduced a bill, which was referred to the library committee, appropriating \$50,000 for an equestrian statue of General Francis Marion in Columbia, S. C.

### MR. FAULKNER'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. Faulkner gave notice of amendment to the bill relating to liquors imported into port-harbor cities, with the sanction of the assembly, to provide for the protection of actual settlers in Florida on lands on which deposits of phosphates have been discovered since the end of the war.</p

## THE MELON MEN.

THEY MEET IN STATE CONVENTION IN MACON.

Called to Order by Hon. R. A. Nisbet—The Questions of Freight, Supply, Agriculture, Etc., Discussed.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—The melon men are in Macon today by a large majority. They are here from every county in the state in which melons are raised.

Their business here is to attend the meeting held in this city today.

This meeting was called by Hon. R. A. Nisbet, president of the Georgia Fruit and Vegetable exchange, a few days ago, to discuss the crop outlook and advise as to the plan of handling the next crop.

## THESE IN ATTENDANCE.

The meeting was called to order in the large warehouse of the Planters' Oil, Ice and Guano company, at the foot of Mulberry street properly at eleven o'clock this morning. A large number of the most prominent melon men of the state were in attendance, among whom were the following:

George M. Feagin, W. S. Kim, O. W. House, Henry Feagin, of Houston county; Judge Bacon, T. Ross and W. W. Barron, of Jones county; Joel T. Walker, of Houston, and J. W. Johnson, of Lee county; W. H. Peet, of Macon.

The railroadmen were:

J. A. Sims and R. A. Nixon, of the Louisville and Nashville; A. E. Rose, of the Central; J. C. O'Ferril, of the Covington and Macon; L. R. Vanderlare, of F. Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham; F. L. Drake, of the Illinois Central; M. H. Connolly, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis; M. V. Massey and J. E. Rice, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia; J. H. Dussey, of the Georgia Southern and Florida.

## THE MEETING STARTED.

Chairman Nisbet stated clearly the object of the meeting. He said it was to devise some plan and settle by it, upon which the growers might act in conjunction with the exchange, thereby realizing a mutual benefit.

After the object of the meeting had been stated, Mr. J. A. Stead was made secretary of the meeting. Professor John W. F. Lowery of Dawson, acted as general spokesman for the growers, and every effective way. Among other things, he asked several questions regarding the action of the exchange. These questions were answered by Mr. Nisbet.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Small to the effect that for the purposes of sale 24,000 melons be considered a car load.

## THE EXCHANGE STATION.

Hon. R. T. Ross, of Jones county, moved to open a bank for subscriptions to the stock of the exchange. This was done, and the powers present requested to subscribe for at least one share, so as to be identified with the exchange.

Mr. Small then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the melon-growers will ship our melons to the Green, Georgia, and Vegetable exchange, and advise all of our neighbors to ship through the same organization.

Mr. Sims, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, at this juncture asked leave to make a few remarks, which was granted.

He stated that he was in sympathy with the melon industry, and wished to encourage it in every way possible. Fifty acres, he said, were required to produce a car load of cotton, whereas five acres would produce a car of melons, and of course the railroads were anxious that the industry should be promoted. He said further that while he could not assure the convention that he could not assure the melons to be low and hot, yet he could promise that to many points they would be much less. After Mr. Sims' address Mr. Nisbet informed the melon men that a barbecue and dinner had been prepared for them in an adjoining room and invited them to break bread with Macon people.

An elegant spread had truly been prepared, consisting principally of barbecued meats, put up in Manager I. D. Crawford's very best style.

## NOTES.

Very flattering and noticeable feature of today's meeting was the advocacy of the exchange by such men as Messrs. George Feagin, Henry Feagin, W. S. King, House, Joel T. Walker, of Houston; Dr. Patillo, Lee; R. T. Rogers, of Jones.

Mr. J. D. Cunningham, of Orchard Hill, was a conspicuous figure at the meeting. He is one of the largest fruit-growers in the south.

The railroad men present were a good-natured, jolly set of fellows, and made many friends among the melon men.

The meeting assembled again at 3 o'clock this afternoon. About the same programme was gone through with.

## MACON COURTS.

The Notorious Moonshiner, Goddard, Executed for Distilling.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—The superior court is still engaged in the hearing of the case of Whitehead vs. The Covington and Macon railroads.

In the United States court today the celebrated case of Gunny &amp; Co., of Liverpool, vs. Hitt &amp; Co., of Savannah, is being heard. The suit is for contract money and involves about \$8,000.

Hill &amp; Harris, of Macon, and Lester &amp; Raven, of Savannah, represent the plaintiffs, and Gustin Guerry &amp; Hall, of Macon, the defendants.

THE NOTORIOUS GODDARD.

Everybody has heard of D. B. Goddard, the moonshiner.

He is the fellow caught distilling whisky in the Atlanta jail while serving out a sentence. He uses the corn bread brought him to eat, in making a first-class article of whisky. Goddard was sentenced to 15 years and one day in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

This is the third time Goddard has been convicted of illicit distilling.

## HENDERSON IS TOO BUSY

For Political Discussions With His Opponents.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Commissioner of Agriculture Henderson hasn't time to enter into political discussions with opposing candidates. He is too busy in attending to the duties of his office, which is more creditable to him than to the country boasting to the people of a record that they already know and appreciate.

A few days ago he received a challenge from Candidate J. H. Hinckle to meet him in joint debate in this city tomorrow.

The following is the reply in which he completely frees the commissioner:

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ATLANTA, Ga., J. T. HENDERSON, COMMISSIONER.—May 22, 1890.—Mr. J. B. Hunnicutt, Turin, Ga.—Dear Sir:—Your communication of the 20th instant, I have seen. I enclose a copy of the same. It is requested that you will be pleased to you to present and address the crowd at that time. It has been in my invariable practice to address the people of this country on the subject of agriculture, whenever called on to do so. What has been done heretofore will be again, but your invitation is somewhat of a different character. Quite a number of men can be spared to take up in attendance upon these various calls of different agricultural organizations, leaving no room whatever for useless discussions of a political character. My record throughout my administration is a record of hard work, a desire for a free discussion and a thorough ventilation of all my official acts and doings. I presume it is on this point you wish to dilate. Yours truly,

JOHN T. HENDERSON, Commissioner.

## General Gossip.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—The Tentonia club goes down to Beach Haven next Monday on a picnic. The South Macon Baptist Sunday school is picnicking in the same country to make in Atlanta this fall. The space will be engaged, and will be filled with the products of the grandest county in the state.

## The New Solicitor.

LAGRANGE, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Judge Turner has appointed D. F. Goffey county solicitor. Mr. Goffey will vigorously prosecute all offenders brought up before this tribunal. The appointment is a good one.

## SAVED FROM LYNCHERS

## THE CAPTURE OF DUNNAWAY, THE GREAT DESPERADO.

The People So Enraged by the Atrocity of His Crimes That They Threaten Lynch Law—Rushed Off to Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 23.—[Special.]—After a five hours' siege, early this morning, George Dunnaway, the notorious murderer and fugitive from justice, was captured by Sheriff DeJarnett and two deputies, at the home of his father, Jake Dunnaway.

The scene of the capture was in the wildest part of Rutherford county.

The sheriff had information of Dunnaway's return home, and late last night went to the house. Dunnaway was locked in his room, and the officers were unable to effect an entrance. Dunnaway made two attempts to escape from the house, but was each time fired at, one pistol ball having struck his hat.

## THE FUGITIVE SURRENDERS.

At daylight assistance arrived, and the hunted man quickly gave up. He was taken to Murfreesboro and jailed. His capture created great excitement, and unless he is spirited away he will doubtless be lynched to death.

## A SECRET MARRIAGE.

Atlanta and Madison Furnish the Parties to the Contract.

MADISON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Married at the home of Mr. R. U. Thomason, Madison, Ga., on January 26th, 1890, Rev. W. L. Wooten, of Madison, officiating, Mr. R. W. Andrews, of the latter city, to Miss Roberta Flournoy, of Atlanta.

The announcement will astonish the citizens of Madison, and be news to many friends of the bride in Atlanta.

It happened in this way: Mr. Andrews, a prosperous furniture dealer of Madison, having won the affections of Miss Flournoy, one of Atlanta's most intelligent young daughters, and desiring to hold fast to his heart's choice, gained the consent of his intended bride to submit to a secret marriage, with the understanding that it be done in the knowledge of the world for three years.

Accordingly, during a visit of Miss Flournoy, last January, to the family of Dr. A. E. Andrews, father of the groom, and uncle of the young lady, a marriage certificate was issued and the parties bound in holy wedlock, in the residence of Mr. R. U. Thomason, an intimate friend of the bride.

The parties to the secret marriage, the officiating minister and the witnesses, have kept the matter a secret thus far. But the loving bride could no longer withhold it from her mother, and after a full confidence it was decided to make a formal announcement of the marriage, and a letter to that end was mailed the groom yesterday.

He will come up Sunday to claim his bride, and the two will make their future home in Madison.

## KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

A Plowman Found Dead in His Furrow, Near Harrisonville, Ga.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—The Trustees Meet in Milledgeville for Business.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—The Board of Govt's. Normal and Industrial school met in the parlors of the Milledgeville hotel this morning. All of the board were present, except Hon. F. G. duBignon and Speaker Clay. The meeting was for the purpose of the consideration of plans and specifications for the buildings, but as there was not as much data at hand as the trustees desired, they adjourned until Friday next, when they will meet again and take action in the matter.

The site selected for the building is near the centre of the old Penitentiary square, and is a beautiful location. The square covers sixteen acres, and with its naturally pretty slopes, can be made the prettiest spot in the country, and this is what Milledgeville proposes to make it.

## HE HAD WATCH AND MONEY.

But This Burglar Dropped Them When Shot.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Last night a late burglar entered the home of Mr. W. H. Hunt, on New street. There was no one in the house at the time except Mr. Alfred Taylor, a nephew of Mr. Hunt's, and the burglar ransacked every room, finally going into Mr. Taylor's room.

He went through the young gentleman's clothes and took therefrom his gold watch and ten dollars in money. Just as the burglar was about to leave, he saw a man about eighteen years of age, and a son of Mr. W. H. Johnson, was ploughing alone in a field, when a bolt from the cloud fell upon him, killing both himself and the mules instantly.

Failing to come to the house, the family grew uneasy and some one went in search of him, when he was found lying dead in the furrow, with every bone in the back of his skull fractured. Mr. Frank Johnson, a young man about eighteen years of age, and a son of Mr. W. H. Johnson, was ploughing alone in a field, when a bolt from the cloud fell upon him, killing both himself and the mules instantly.

James, take good care of the horse."

In accordance with his express wish, General Scott was buried at West Point, on the 29th of May, he passed away so calmly that the cause of death was not known. His last words were in reference to his horse, a noble animal, that followed him to the grave a few days later. Turning to his servant, the old veteran said, "James, take good care of the horse."

About the Nile.

POPLAR GROVE, Ark., May 20.—Two prominent citizens of this place were talking the other day about the system of levees used in Africa on the Nile river, and could by means agree on what they have a complete system of levee works there?

Do the people as a rule live in villages near the river, or are their farms laid out in larger tracts, as in the case of the Mississippi?

3. Give us any information you have with regard to this subject as relating to the Nile, and we will be read with interest in this country. Respectfully,

A. L. BARFIELD.

General Field Scott died at West Point, N. Y., May 20, 1890. He was buried there from his funeral services. He remarked, "I have come here to die." He lingered two weeks, and fell into a stupor from which he was aroused, recognizing his family, and retaining his mental faculties to the last.

A few minutes after 11 o'clock on the 29th of May, he passed away so calmly that the cause of death was not known. His last words were in reference to his horse, a noble animal, that followed him to the grave a few days later. Turning to his servant, the old veteran said, "James, take good care of the horse."

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## THE CITY IN BRIEF.

## THE NEWS OF THE DAY IN CONDENSED FORM.

Leaves from the Notebooks of Constitution Reporters—Notes of News and Gossip—Street Scenes and Incidents.

An Artillery Officer.—Mr. J. B. Ferris was yesterday commissioned second lieutenant of the Atlanta Artillery.

The Okefenokee Survey.—Mr. J. M. Kramer, chief engineer in the survey of the Dalton purchase, in Florida, has been selected by the governor to make the survey of the Okefenokee swamp.

Hon. A. O. Bacon.—The many friends of Hon. A. O. Bacon were pleased to greet him at the Kimball yesterday. Mr. Bacon comes to Atlanta to argue an important case before the United States court today.

They Must Quit Begging.—Chief Connolly has issued orders for the arrest of all persons found on the streets soliciting alms. When arrested, if they are found to be worthy, will be sent to the almshouse. Of late the number of street beggars has been the increase. The chief's order is to break up the annoyances.

The Battle of Gettysburg.—The cyclorama representing the battle of Gettysburg, has been removed from its former place, on Hunter street, to Grant's park. The show is a creditable one and is well worth seeing, portraying as it does in wonderful vividness the battle scenes of that great conflict.

For Whitlock's Pardon.—A petition is being circulated among the leading men of the city, asking Governor Gordon to pardon M. T. Whitlock. The condition of Whitlock is said to be most pitiable, and the reason for the circulating of the petition is to secure executive clemency for a man who will in all likelihood die within a very short time.

The Ladies Auxiliary Society.—The meeting of the Ladies Auxiliary, a committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, was not held on Friday afternoon on account of the illness of Mrs. A. W. Force, but a meeting of the committee will be held on Monday evening at five o'clock, when every member is expected to be present. A great deal of enthusiasm was expressed by the ladies in regard to the Japanese wedding.

Engineers to Enter into Their Friends.—This evening at 8 o'clock, the members of the National Association of Stationary Engineers will meet at the plant of the Fulton County Electric Railway system. The event is the third anniversary of the Atlanta branch. Speeches will be made by Governor Gordon, Mayor Glenn, and other distinguished men. Great preparations have been made for the entertainment of the guests while at the plant. Large dancing halls have been prepared, music stands erected, and everything that will tend to give the people pleasure. Everybody is invited. Take the electric cars on Broad street, and they will carry you direct to the place.

The Tempers' Outing.—The picnic given by Georgia Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., at Maddox park, was one of the most enjoyable and delightfully pleasant picnics that has gone out of Atlanta this season. From the time the train left the depot until it returned, there was one round of amusement. The feature of the morning was a game of baseball, between the Y. M. C. A. and the Good Templars. It was a hot, contested game.

Y. M. C. A. boys by a score of 15 to 10. Quite an exciting game of foot ball was played by the same teams in the afternoon, which resulted in a victory for the Good Templars by a score of 7 to 0. During the day Professor Whiteman, of the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, gave an exhibition of tumbling and other gymnastic feats. The picnickers returned to the city at about 7 o'clock, and not one seemed to have had anything but a good time. Messrs. B. S. Smith and John Miller were the committee in charge, and it is due to these gentlemen that the picnic was such a success.

THE MONSTER DEAD.

A Story of a Shocking Life Miserably Spent.

GREENSBORO, N. C., May 23.—[Special.]—One of the most remarkable men that have lived in late years, died near Trinity college, about twenty miles from here, last Wednesday. His name was Jay Hill, and he was an idiot from birth. He was well formed in every particular, with the exception of his head, which was shaped like that of some wild monster of the forest. When quite a lad, Hill began to show wonderful strength, and on account of his recklessness and murderous propensities, it was found necessary to chain him to the floor for the sake of obtaining the age of twenty years. His body, with both hands and feet, were bound with strong chains and copes and fastened to the floor.

THE PRISONER ESCAPES.

He was kept thus secure at all times, but one morning his parents were surprised to find the chains and iron bars broken, and their son loose. He had crept out in the night and taken to the woods. For several days his capture was attempted without success. A posse of twenty men at last overpowered him, and again chained him to the floor at his father's home. Stronger chains and ropes were brought into service, and for fifty years Jay Hill remained their victim. Before his father's death, he provided enough to maintain a wife throughout all these years of misery and suffering.

TO BE KEPT AT THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

In the will it was stipulated that the son should always remain on the old homestead. Everybody for miles around knew him, and everybody feared him. A lion running at large through the country would create no more alarm than this monster. He was this modern Sampson. At times it was almost impossible to keep clotheing him, as he possessed such an insatiate desire for tearing to pieces anything that he could get his hands on. For the last year or two he has been affecting him, but it still remained necessary to keep him chained, and he died with the shackles about him. At times Hill would scream for an entire night, and his coarse, strong voice could be heard for two miles.

THE NEGRO WAS SUPERIOR

To the Spectated Damned With White Skins.

WAYCROSS, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Two white men, en route from Jacksonville to Boston, Mass., arrived here on the 9 o'clock train.

CLOSER—TO—MY—BOSOM—COME.

They went into the ladies' waiting room, at the depot, and were soon after joined by a burly, black negro, with whom they seemed to be on very intimate terms, acting very familiarly with each other.

WHITE LIPS ON BLACK.

Soon after their arrival, their negro escort became the recipient of a shower of rotten eggs, at which the women became indignant, and to impress the negro with their devotion, both kissed him unctuously upon their features, as the negro was not going further. Of course the women hailed from Boston, Mass.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL PICNIC AT WAYCROSS.

WAYCROSS, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—Today has been a gala day in the history of Waycross Sunday-schools. Four schools—Presbyterian, Baptist, Episcopal and Methodist—congregating in a membership of 450, gave the annual picnic today. The new grounds, situated on the line of the Waycross Air-Line, six miles from Waycross, was an animated scene never to be forgotten by the multitude who participated in the day's festivities. Hon. L. Johnson had beautified the grounds by the erection of a pavilion forty feet square and laying out the grounds, the erection of ice-cream and lemonade stands, the stalls and giving the use of the splendid new coaches recently bought for the Air-Line.

A TALL END COLLISION.

ROME, Ga., May 23.—[Special.]—There was a tall end collision of freight trains on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road last night, after eleven o'clock, in which a number of persons were seriously injured. It occurred about ten miles above here, and a number of cars were wrecked. The track was cleared about ten o'clock this morning.

## THE LEE MONUMENT.

Governor Lee to Ride a Magnificent Horse. RICHMOND, May 23.—[Special.]—Governor McKinley, ex-Governor Lee, Secretary of the Commonwealth Flounchy, and Colonel Archer Anderson drove out to the Lee monument grounds this afternoon, and inspected the statue, as well as they could, through the holes torn in the cloth covering. They were very favorably impressed, and units in expressing the belief that the work of art is a grand one. General Lee will be superbly mounted on the day of the unveiling. A few days ago, Mrs. George Bennett heard that Governor Lee had been disappointed in getting the horse he expected to ride. She, knowing the ex-governor was in the city, and was stopping at the Exchange, this morning sent her beautiful iron-gray saddle horse up to the hotel, with a card tendering him the use of the horse on the 29th. This horse is one of the most beautiful animals in the city. It is sixteen hands high, perfectly formed, fine action, spirited, but docile and can easily rack a mile in three minutes under saddle.

General Lee, who is a fine judge of horseflesh, on seeing the horse remarked, "If I had hunted the state of Virginia over with a fine two-toed comb, I could not have found a horse like this."

He accepted the kind offer of Mrs. Bennett with thanks.

The reception committee held a meeting to-night, and perfect arrangements for receiving the specially invited guests. These will report at 10 o'clock on next Thursday morning, at the hall of the house of delegates, when committees will be in waiting and will be assigned to carriages.

## THE STARS AND BARS.

The Richmond "State" Office Covered With Confederate Flags.

RICHMOND, Va., May 23.—The State newspaper, the "Daily News," is covered with confederate flags.

The condition of Whitlock is said to be most pitiable,

and the reason for the circulating of the petition is to secure executive clemency for a man who will in all likelihood die within a very short time.

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Association of Stationary Engineers will meet at the plant of the Fulton County Electric Railway system.

The event is the third anniversary of the Atlanta branch.

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NOTICES OF ACCEPTANCE OF INVITATIONS BY MILITARY AND VETERANS.

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## TO PAVE PEACHTREE.

A SYSTEMATIC REPORT TO HAVE AN ASPHALT PAVEMENT LAID.

There is certainly need of a new pavement. A petition which Mr. H. H. Cabaniss has been circulating.

A systematic and vigorous effort to have a decent pavement laid on Peachtree has been inaugurated, and the gentlemen who are urging it feel hopeful of success.

Peachtree needs a decent pavement and needs it badly. Everybody knows that, but nobody knows it so well as the people who live on Atlanta's bragg street, and it is from them that this new pavement movement emanates.

Mr. H. H. Cabaniss has been busy for a week or two circulating a petition among the property-holders along the street asking the council to have an asphalt pavement laid from Ellis to Kimball street, and this petition has many signers. The need of the improvement is strongly presented by Mr. Cabaniss when he says:

"For many months past, perhaps a year, there has been universal complaint, not only by the property-holders on this street, but by other citizens of Atlanta who wish to drive, ride or walk over it. The people have not hesitated to express in emphatic language their opinion, and on all hands it is said that it is a disgrace to see a city as Atlanta, so thrifty, so growing, to have its main pleasure thoroughfare in such wretched condition. It is full of holes from one end to the other. The little patching done by the street force does little good. When one hole is filled up another near by is created by the filling up of the first one. The top surface is composed of very fine dust from three to five inches deep, and in dry weather the street cars, carts and carriages as they go along are enveloped in dust, and the dust settles on the houses, sifts in through the doors and windows, rains future and is exceedingly disagreeable. In wet weather and when the street is sprinkled by the carts this dust turns to mud and is as inconvenient and disagreeable as the dust."

I am informed by Mr. Frank Rice and others that several years ago, when the city council concluded to put down macadam pavement on this street—it being altogether an experiment, so far as Atlanta was concerned—a verbal agreement was made that the council would, at its own expense, always keep the street in thorough repair. This has not been done, and I do not believe it can be done; because, if the macadam on Peachtree street is a specimen of macadam pavement, it is a failure.

It is too late now to patch it, and the object of the petition which I have circulated, is to ask the council to allow property-holders on this street a credit for the amount originally paid for macadam, charging them for the balance of the cost after the city has paid its share and the street car company its share."

"I have found," continued Mr. Cabaniss,

"the desire almost universal among the property-holders on the street to have the asphalt put down. They signed the petition not only voluntarily, but with a great deal of eagerness.

The rich men and those who are moderately well off all seemed anxious to have the work done as speedily as possible. They think it ought to be done this summer. Of course there are some who object, but it ought to be put down anywhere because it is needed, and I dare say, if the petition was circulated over the entire city, that it would be generally signed by rich and poor to have this work done."

"When a man has friends to visit him in Atlanta, and wants to show them the city, the first and principal place to which he takes them is Peachtree street, and the man who does not ride in a carriage will take his visiting friends to walk on Peachtree street. To have the principal residence thoroughfare of the city seen in a dilapidated condition makes a bad impression on a stranger. After this street has been paved with asphalt, people all over the city will wonder why the work was delayed so long."

In the tenth district J. W. Lyons, the negro lawyer, will be the republican candidate most likely.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The matter of putting out republican congressional candidates has been decided upon for some time past. It is certain that each congressional district will have one of Buck's satellites in the congressional campaigns, though it is not certain that the names mentioned above will be the candidates selected.

This will be finally determined by the meeting of republican congressional committees in each district. It is quite probable, however, that with few changes, the list as given above, will be the one selected for the coming campaign by the party.

The matter of nominating candidates for state offices will be left solely with the convention that will likely meet in Atlanta soon.

Kissed Another Man's Wife.

You scoundrel," yelled young Jacob Green,

"You think my wife will upset the street—

I ought to know my wife don't do that."

"That's where you're wrong," good Brown replied.

In accents mild and meek,

"I guess her that I've been dented,

But kind of a chink in the chin,

and I did it because she looked so handsome—the picture of beauty and health. What is the secret of it?" "Well," replied Green,

"Since you ask it, I will tell you: She uses Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I accept your apology. Good night."

"The only remedy for the delicate

diseases and weaknesses of females, sold by druggists under a positive guarantee of giving satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it returned.

Now let it be remembered that the six inches of concrete is already down on this street, and it ought to reduce the cost, at least one-third. That will make it \$8.00 per running foot. This ought to be divided into three parts, one-third to be paid by the street car company, or the city or both, and one-third by the property-holders on each side.

This would make the cost to the property-holders on each side less than \$8.00 per foot. Now, if a duct from this the cost of the macadam as originally laid down, and the amount to be paid out by the property-holders will be very small."

How many signatures have you?"

I think that enough signatures have been obtained to the petition to induce the council to have it put down by companies who do this kind of work. I think that the agreement that has been given me in this work, that there will be no difficulty in getting all the necessary signatures on the street, and we ought to have this roadway completed in time for the next exposition. It will be the best advertisement that can be given to the city. If necessary, we will receive your attention.

Diagrams for the sleepers can be seen at my office.

E. K. RYR, Ticket Agent,

Kimball House Corner

A Course of Lectures for \$1.75.

A notable gathering of the world's leaders comes before the readers of The Youth's Companion during the year 1890. It is to be a great lecture course for the world's great men. The famous authority in some branch of art, literature, statecraft, science or education. And these lectures cost only 25 cents each, on the average a year's subscription.

Diagram for the sleepers can be seen at my office.

E. K. RYR, Ticket Agent,

Kimball House Corner

Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once, as now is the time when you may receive the greatest good from it. It is sold by all drug-gists.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

To Capital Stock of Fulton County Street Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the board of directors of said company has accepted the road and all that subscriptions are now due and payable.

Subscribers who have not paid up will please call forthwith at Gate City National bank, make payment and receive their stock certificates.

By order of board of directors.

W. S. THOMSON, Secretary.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 23, 1890.

One of the first things necessary when contemplating a visit to New York, is to arrange for your room. Write to the Sturtevant House, Broadway, corner 29th, centrally located. Moderate prices, every convenience, and the European plan.

Brown park lots in Marietta. Gilt-edge in every respect. Attend the sale in Marietta, Tuesday, May 27, 3:00 p.m.

PHILLIPS' DIGESTIVE COCOA

Tastes delicious and aids digestion.

## BUCK'S SATELLITES.

HOW THEY WILL SHINE IN EACH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Probable Republican Candidates for Congress—Republican State-Makers i Talk Over the Campaign.

To get some congressmen—That is what the g. o. p. is now working for in Georgia.

The resolution favoring the plan to put out candidates for congress from the republican ranks in each district passed by the central committee, was all the talk among the votaries of Buck and Harrison yesterday.

Just who would be put out in each of the districts, and what issues they would be committed to raise in the campaign, has not yet been decided by the powers that govern the party, but rumors of great number were afloat in the halls of the Federal court-house as to who the probable candidates would be.

The slate is very fully made out, though it has not received any definite endorsement, and will not until the committee action is taken to further arrange the map of the party's policies.

So far as common talk goes, every district has been booked with a nominee for congress from the republican gang, excepting the second and third.

WHO THEY ARE.

From the first district Colonel James Atkins is pretty certain to be urged into the race for congress. In fact, prominent republicans speak of his name as the only one that will be mentioned in that district, and that he will unquestionably be the republican candidate.

While there is no one yet spoken of very definitely for the race in the second district it is probable that B. F. Brimley, the postmaster at Americus, will be asked by republicans to run. It is not known whether he will consent or not.

In the fourth district Judge Bigby is the republican candidate most likely for congressional honors, although nothing has been heard from him on the subject of his candidacy.

The republican politicians claim that it is quite probable that he will run if the committee asks him to do it, but the judge's Atlanta friends say there is no possibility of his taking such a step. An effort was made to see him yesterday, but he was out of his office when the reporter called.

In the fifth district Colonel William Markham's name is being uttered by republican friends.

Colonel Ed A. Angier is being mentioned with considerable prominence for the place, and "he will be the nominee if he wants to," so many of his friends say. It is not certain, however, whether he will let his name go before the committee or not.

The sixth district will probably have W. W. Brown in the field from the ranks of republicanism. If signs count for such a step, he will be one to engage the party's favor.

The seventh Zack Hargrave is said to be the candidate put out by republicans.

The eighth will most likely have another deal with Bill Pledger. He wants to run and will do it, of course, if the republican committee will nominate him. The indications are that he will be put out, and the people of the eighth will have to swallow another dose of negro candidacy.

"I'll make the race," he says, "if our election bill goes through."

There is already a great deal of talk about the republican race for congress in the ninth district, and Colonel Darnell's name is the one that is before the party there. Colonel Darnell has not yet decided definitely to run, but thinks favorably of putting himself forward later in the campaign.

Several issues of his candidacy have already been raised throughout the district, but he decided to run will be his only platform if he decides to run.

In the tenth district J. W. Lyons, the negro lawyer, will be the republican candidate most likely.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The matter of putting out republican congressional candidates has been decided upon for some time past. It is certain that each congressional district will have one of Buck's satellites in the congressional campaigns, though it is not certain that the names mentioned above will be the candidates selected.

This will be finally determined by the meeting of republican congressional committees in each district. It is quite probable, however, that with few changes, the list as given above, will be the one selected for the coming campaign by the party.

The matter of nominating candidates for state offices will be left solely with the convention that will likely meet in Atlanta soon.

Kissed Another Man's Wife.

You scoundrel," yelled young Jacob Green,

"You think my wife will upset the street—

I ought to know my wife don't do that."

"That's where you're wrong," good Brown replied.

In accents mild and meek,

"I guess her that I've been dented,

But kind of a chink in the chin,

and I did it because she looked so handsome—the picture of beauty and health. What is the secret of it?" "Well," replied Green,

"Since you ask it, I will tell you: She uses Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I accept your apology. Good night."

The only remedy for the delicate

diseases and weaknesses of females, sold by druggists under a positive guarantee of giving satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it returned.

Now let it be remembered that the six inches of concrete is already down on this street, and it ought to reduce the cost, at least one-third. That will make it \$8.00 per running foot. This ought to be divided into three parts, one-third to be paid by the street car company, or the city or both, and one-third by the property-holders on each side.

This would make the cost to the property-holders on each side less than \$8.00 per foot. Now, if a duct from this the cost of the macadam as originally laid down, and the amount to be paid out by the property-holders will be very small."

How many signatures have you?"

I think that enough signatures have been obtained to the petition to induce the council to have it put down by companies who do this kind of work. I think that the agreement that has been given me in this work, that there will be no difficulty in getting all the necessary signatures on the street, and we ought to have this roadway completed in time for the next exposition. It will be the best advertisement that can be given to the city. If necessary, we will receive your attention.

Diagrams for the sleepers can be seen at my office.

E. K. RYR, Ticket Agent,

Kimball House Corner

A Course of Lectures for \$1.75.

A notable gathering of the world's leaders comes before the readers of The Youth's Companion during the year 1890. It is to be a great lecture course for the world's great men. The famous authority in some branch of art, literature, statecraft, science or education. And these lectures cost only 25 cents each, on the average a year's subscription.

Diagram for the sleepers can be seen at my office.

E. K. RYR, Ticket Agent,

Kimball House Corner

Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once, as now is the time when you may receive the greatest good from it. It is sold by all drug-gists.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

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Brown park lots in Marietta. Gilt-edge in every respect. Attend the sale in Marietta, Tuesday, May 27, 3:00 p.m.

PHILLIPS' DIGESTIVE COCOA

Tastes delicious and aids digestion.

## STILSON,

## JEWELER.

55 WHITEHALL ST.

Reliable Goods.

Fair Dealing.

Bottom Prices.

PRINTING,

Blank Books, Ledgers,

Journals, Cash Books,

Binding, Electrotyping,

etc., &amp;c., of

JAS. P. HARRISON &amp; CO.,

(THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING HOUSE)

State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.

55 Consult them before placing your order.

DR. BOWES &amp; CO.

10 EAST ALBAMA STREET.

\$16,000—Beautiful home at junction Ivy and Peachtree streets. Lot is 11x200. Better get it.

\$9,000—2-story house below Edgewood, at Mayson's crossing, with new 4-room cottage.

\$8,000—4½ acres which lie on the South Boulevard, commanding a view of Jones St. Beautifully shaded. Will make 6 lots fronting Boulevard, 72x200, to an alley; 8 lots 50x160 to an alley on Badger St., and 2 lots with streets on two sides. Inside of old limits of city.

\$2,000—Beautiful corner lot, 50x150, Fulton St.

\$1,250—Lot 50x200, near Pryor St., on Ormond St. Shaded.

## SILVER.

Now goods received every day in the year.

FREEMAN &amp; CRANKSHAW.

**PILES** Cured by your own hand, stitching, and padding, and protruding relieved at once, and a permanent cure guaranteed by using DANIEL WOLFE'S MEXICAN PILLS. Price, 50¢. Piles Cure Company, Fifteen building, Atlanta, Ga. Other remedies relieve; ours cures without pain. March 19, 1890.

**OPIUM** and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of part. Price, 50¢. H. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

## Are You Sick?

A great many human ailments, of whatever nature—whether of the head, heart, nerves, mind or otherwise—are reflex from some probably obscure kidney trouble. In all cases where the kidneys fail to perform their proper function, pious nature is not eliminated from the blood, but left coursing through the system, undermining health, produces disease, and alas, leads to death.

## Stuart's Gin and Buehu

is a safe, reliable and searching remedy for every form of kidney, bladder, and all other urinary troubles of whatsoever nature. Perhaps you don't believe this statement. Well, we can't make you. And if we could, we would not force you to take Stuart's Gin and Buehu against your will. No words we begin to do so would be tales. But we simply appeal to your judgment that Stuart's Gin and Buehu will cure all kidney, bladder and other urinary troubles. If you will give it a trial you will soon be convinced that we speak truth.

After a thorough trial of Stuart's Gin and Buehu I unhesitatingly endorse it as a remedy for kidney and bladder troubles, and I believe that the most complicated cases of these diseases can be promptly and quickly cured by its use. The directions are strictly adhered to.

A. M. MALONE,

136 Ivy Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all druggists.



Is making a big stir among the little folks, but our prices on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry are causing a rush to our store.

**MAIER & BERKELE,**  
SUCCESSORS TO  
A. L. DELKIN & CO.

Feb 16—dift 1st col 8 pg

J. C. HENDRIX. LAWRENCE HARRISON

## J. C. HENDRIX &amp; CO.

120x243, Peachtree and West Peachtree... \$3,000  
120x18, West Peachtree street... 12,000  
40x10, Peachtree street... 12,000  
100x10, Washington street... 2,500  
60x10, Richardson street... 2,400  
75x10, North Avenue... 4,000  
40x10, Peachtree street... 2,500  
300x200, W. & A. R. R. 4,000  
11x140, Boulevard... 4,000  
60x175, Boulevard... 3,500  
100x150, Peachtree street... 1,000  
60x176, Hilliard... 1,000  
60x150, Johnson Avenue... 2,700  
95x190, Highland Avenue... 1,000  
40x100, Franklin and Jackson... 1,650  
60x150, Calhoun... 1,450  
60x127, West Pine... 3,500  
100x200, Washington... 3,500  
60x100, Bryan... 450  
60x100, Portland... 650  
40x100, Fortune Avenue... 4,000  
60x100, Buena Vista... 1,000  
100x200, Fowler... 1,000  
46x150, Ellis, near Ellis... 3,750  
60x150, Glen and Formwall... 1,650  
200x127, Peachtree street... 1,000  
40x100, Haven street... 1,000  
13 acres South Atlanta; very cheap... 1,000  
Call and see us.

Large roomy Broad street stores.  
9-room house, 21 West Cain street.  
7-room house, 105 Richardson street.

## J. C. HENDRIX &amp; CO.

May 9—dim 8p

## SCOTT &amp; LIEBMAN,

Real Estate Agents,

20 Peachtree Street.

## FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

6 r. 104 Ellis street, \$20.  
6 r. 344 Whitehall, \$30.  
6 r. 43 East Simpson, \$16.50.  
7 r. 100 Peachtree, from June 15, 90, \$30.  
8 r. 151 White, \$20.  
8 r. 72 E. Pine, furnished, \$27.50.  
8 r. 157 Nelson street, \$15.  
8 r. 125 North Avenue, and Plum, \$12.50.

## STORES.

1 store, No. 17 Forsyth, \$100.  
1 store, No. 19 Forsyth, \$100.

## FOR SALE.

15 unimproved lots on Peachtree and Juniper, situated between 7th and 8th streets, for sale at auction, day of sale will be announced as soon as plots can be laid. The owner of this valuable property, Mr. W. W. Austin, in his instance of friends, has finally consented to allow the lots to be sold in this manner as to bring the lots within reach of the most who do not want a large lot, and he further states that the price will be low, interest so reasonable, viz., 1/4 cash, balance in 3 years, and 7 per cent interest, per annum, which he desires a home in a quiet neighborhood in this city can resist the temptation.

He can tell you now anyone in need of or who desires a home in a quiet neighborhood in this city can resist the temptation.

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**FINANCE AND COMMERCE**  
BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,  
ATLANTA, May 23, 1890.  
New York exchange buying at par and selling at 5% premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS. BIL. ASKED.

| STATE AND CITY BONDS.            | BIL.    | ASKED.  |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| New Georgia 4% 30 year           | 119 1/2 | 120     |
| Georgia 76, gold                 | 100 1/2 | 101 1/2 |
| Georgia 76, 1890                 | 117 1/2 | —       |
| Georgia 76, 1891                 | 105     | 107     |
| Georgia 76, 1892                 | 120     | —       |
| Atlanta 8, 1892                  | 106     | —       |
| Atlanta 78, 1894                 | 104 1/2 | —       |
| Atlanta 68, long date            | 114     | —       |
| Atlanta 68, short date           | 115     | —       |
| Atlanta 68, long date            | 105 1/2 | 107     |
| Atlanta 68, short date           | 109     | 105     |
| Augusta 78, long date            | 115     | 118 1/2 |
| Macon 68                         | 115     | —       |
| Georgia 58                       | 105     | —       |
| Atlanta 8, 1892                  | 120     | —       |
| Atlanta 8, 1893                  | 106     | —       |
| Atlanta 78, 1894                 | 104 1/2 | —       |
| Atlanta 68, long date            | 115     | —       |
| Atlanta 68, short date           | 105 1/2 | 107     |
| Atlanta 68, long date            | 109     | 105     |
| Augusta 78, long date            | 115     | 118 1/2 |
| Macon 68                         | 115     | —       |
| Georgia 58                       | 105     | —       |
| Home graded                      | 110     | 115     |
| Waterworks 68                    | 106     | 108     |
| Route 58                         | 90      | 98      |
| ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.             |         | 113,369 |
| Atlanta Banks                    | 300     | —       |
| Atlanta Banking company          | 125     | —       |
| Germania Loan and Banking Co.    | 102 1/2 | —       |
| Bank of the State of Georgia     | 150     | —       |
| Gas City National                | 140     | —       |
| Capital City                     | 110     | —       |
| Lowry Bank & Company             | 110     | —       |
| Bank & Mechanics B'g & L'ns      | 95      | —       |
| Atlanta Trust and Banking Co.    | 124     | —       |
| Trade Bank                       | 100     | —       |
| RAILROAD BONDS.                  |         | —       |
| Georgia 68, 1897                 | 107 1/2 | —       |
| Georgia 68, 1910                 | 115     | —       |
| Georgia 68, 1922                 | 115     | —       |
| Central 78, 1892                 | 105     | —       |
| Georgia 68, 1893                 | 105     | —       |
| Atlanta and Charlotte, 1st       | 120     | —       |
| Atlanta and Charlotte, income    | 105     | —       |
| Western of Alabama, 2d           | 105     | —       |
| Georgia 68, 1st                  | 113 1/2 | —       |
| Georgia Pacific, 2d              | 75      | —       |
| Americus, Frost & L'pink 1st     | 110     | —       |
| Marietta and North Georgia       | 105     | —       |
| SAV, and Atlanta 1st             | 95      | —       |
| Rome and Carrollton              | 101     | —       |
| RAILROAD STOCKS.                 |         | —       |
| Georgia                          | 200     | —       |
| Atlanta and Charlotte            | 100     | —       |
| Central                          | 130     | —       |
| Central delecture                | 99      | —       |
| Augusta and Savannah             | 100     | —       |
| Atlanta and West Point           | 110     | —       |
| Atlanta and West Point debenture | 100     | —       |
| THE STOCK MARKET.                |         | —       |

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

**NEW YORK, May 23.**—The stock market today showed a marked falling off in business, and a corresponding decline in the interest taken in speculation, very few stocks today fluctuating over a range more than a fraction, a few movements in the general list were notable, however, such as marked dealing almost every day for the past month, and only in sugar refineries, which with Citizens' Gas of Brooklyn, was the only stock showing any wide fluctuation, was there any approach to anything such.

In the regular list, grangers were still the most prominent feature, stocks after an opening today were the most active and caused much interest, and there was to be an increase of rates. By noon, however, it became known that there was nothing in the rumors, and grangers sold down again. St. Paul, Rock Island and Lake Erie and Western common were strong features today, and the first named moved up sharply towards noon, but failed to maintain its advantage during the latter portion of the day. Atchison was as a rule, weak, and with Richmond and West Point sagged away slowly, but steadily, though the latter received a good support around 25, until late in the afternoon.

The market in the afternoon possessed less animation, and showed smaller fluctuations than at any time within the past month, and at times became positively dull. The usual Friday realizations, with some selling by London, caused the market to give way in the last hour, though sugar was strong at all times, and the close was quiet but heavy to weak generally at insignificant changes for the day.

Final changes are irregular, but declines are in a large majority, though in no case among the active stocks for more than fractional amounts. Sales aggregated 265,000 listed, and 74,000 unlisted. Exchange quiet and steady at 434@486.

Money easier at 3%@6.

Stocks in possession: Coal \$163,113,000; currency \$5,230,000.

Governments dull but steady; 434@124@103%.

State bonds neglected.

Ala. Class A to 5. 106% N. O. Pacific 1st... 95%

do. Class B 5s... 101% N. Y. Central... 109%

do. 7s, mortgage... 101% N.Y. Western... 85%

do. 4s... 99

do. do. preferred... 85%

do. 10s... 100

S. C. Brown... 102

Pacific Mail... 44

Rich. & Alleghany... 46%

Tenn. & C. Char... 103

Rich. & W. T. Terl... 75

Virginia 6s... 50

Rock Island... 95%

Virginia & W. N. 116

do. preferred... 146

Texas Pacific... 23%

Tenn. Coal & Iron... 53%

Del. and Lack... 149

East Tenn... 109

N. J. Central... 124

Lake Shore... 111

Missouri Pacific... 75

Louisville & Nash... 91

Western Union... 85%

Met. & St. Louis... 103

Mobile & Ohio... 175

Brick... 32

Nash. & Chat... 102

Mobile & Ohio 4s... 63

\*Bid. \*Ex-dividend.

**THE COTTON MARKETS.**

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, May 23, 1890.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

May... 12.25@12.28

June... 12.41@12.6

July... 12.47@12

Aug... 12.42@12.44

Sept... 11.41@11.44

Oct... 10.88@10.89

Nov... 10.79@10.80

Dec... 10.75@10.76

Jan... 10.72@10.73

Feb... 10.76@10.77

Closed quiet and steady; sales 68,600 bales.

The following is the statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock:

RECEIPTS, EXPORTS, STOCK.

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